



Annual Progress Report
2010-11
Rural Organization for Social Advancement

About the organization:-

Rural Organization for Social Advancement- "ROSA" Sansthan. It is a civil society, currently working in eastern part of Uttar Pradesh, India, The main target group of the organization is children, women, youth and farmer of rural area of deprived society (most are the people of the every caste and religion who are most neglected in the society) who is scattered in different classes and castes. They are struggling on their level for livelihood and basic rights and entitlements but due to current socio and political circumstances, their whole development is not progressive as per their basic need and dignity as a human being.

Members of the "ROSA" team established a society named, "Rural Organization for Social Advancement" by their experiences for the protection of the families & interface for the better future of the poor community members in January, 2002. This organization got registered under the Society Registration Act 21 of 1860; having the registration No 401/2003-04 dated 21.7.2003 & registered under Income Tax Act - 12A, No. 118/2007-08/2981, dated 30-11-2007, registered under FCRA-1976 No. 136760169 dated 16.12.2009 & PAN No. - AAAAR5396P.

Origin:-

"ROSA" was established by a group of gandhian ideology social activists, this group observed that people working a brick field (kiln) with women & children work very hard but they live in unsafe house & their children did not have the basic right of theirs. They work in unfavorable working conditions keeping their lives in danger still they at always fear in mind the danger of livelihood. There families are far away form the better education & health and social securities. Due to these reasons, unorganized labors of the society are victims of different types of exploitation.

Nature:-

A non-political organization under the power of Indian constitution

Vision:-

To establishment of society full of justice and equity for social advancement

Mission:-

To provide service to the people for entire social advancement so that they can ensure their wellbeing

Objectives:-

1. To build of self dependent society & Nation.
2. To implement program related to education, health, people organization, income generation & agriculture for the integrated development of the nation.
3. To work for help the women, children, old person, helpless, schedule cast, schedule tribes, backwards & minorities of the society.
4. To create network with the society with equal objectives & promote the voluntarisms.
5. To establish the centers for the implementation of programs, research, documentation, free publication & training of the betterment of the society.
6. To inter change and help, for required resources with local people, government, non government, national & international society for achieving the objectives of the society having the similar objectives.

Believes:-

Entire development of society for the happy nation and this is possible only when every member of society will be happy.

Our Principles:-

We compliance with democratic process and respect each other without any differentiation on the basis of religion, caste and have equal opportunity for all at every level without any gender bias. We believe that **'To help the people to help themselves'**

Our Values:-

To respect each other at every level of the society, feelings of equality, availabilities of equal opportunities, transparency in development works, dedication towards target, Self discipline & responsibility.

Our area of Intervention:-

- ❖ Now, Easter part of Utter Pradesh in India.

Our core issue:-

- Child health
- Child education
- Child labor
- Community based Livelihood Promotion
- Women empowerment
- Identity
- Gender
- Self-governance
- Social Securities
- Capacity building

Our Target group:-

Children, women, youth and farmer from deprived society.

Our focus group: -

Charity for Children and Women from deprived society.

Report Period- 01 April 2010 – 31 March 2011

Work Area of Organization:-

Work area of organization was spread over in 14 Village Panchayats having 19 Village of 50 hamlets of Tarawan development block and 2 hamlets of 2 revenue village of 01 village panchayat in Jahanaganj development block in the Azamgarh district of Utter Pradesh on the issue of Chilled rights details is as follows.

S.No.	Village Panchayat	Revenue Village	Hamlets	No. of Targeted Families
01	Bangaon	Bansgaon, Kasba Pahelwanpur, Devraipur,	Badi Basti, Pipra, Khakhara, Godamt ar, Kasba Paschimi, Kasba Purvi, Devraipur	84
02	Hasanpur / Bharthipur	Bharthipur Prajapatipur	Prajapatipur Dalit, Prajapatipur Mushar Basti, Sonvarsha, Bhathipur,	84
03	Saraibrindaban	Saraibrindaban	Saraibrindaban, Shahpur,	65
04	Birnaiya	Birnaiya, Lokaipur	Birnaiya, Lokaipur	54
05	Titra	Kota	Kota	43
06	Uchahua	Uchahua, Thatha	Dakshini basti, Mahuabari, Thatha, Bhantar	107
07	Mainuddinpur	Barigaon, Badhua Chachar	Barigaon, Badhua Chachar	137
08	Jaminur	Jaminpur	Jaminpur	50
09	Rasepur	Shahpur Kanoongo,	Shahpur Kanoongo,	50
10	Hadaura	Hadaura	Hadaura	50
11	Kudhapar	Kudhapar	Kudhapar	75
12	Faddupur	Faddupur	Chauhan Basti	50
13	Bibipur	Bibipur	Dalit Basti	25
14	Rastipur	Pitthaurpur	Dalit Basti, Rastipur	50
15	Narayanpur	Narayanpur	Narayanpur	50

Target family / community of the organization:-

Organization has been selected the families of poor background from the total families of the above mentioned villages, on the basis of base line survey. Initially 574 dalit & banvasi (Mushar) families and Nona Chamar (Whose Traditional occupation is begging) were targeted on the basis of community of the society are Banvasi & Nona chamar. Which are called as Mushar & Nona in the Society. They are at the farthest distance of the society as the development is concerned. Organization implemented intensive programmes for the over all development of this community according to the hamlets.

Activities Implemented

Following activities were implemented on the basis of target & objectives of the organization during the reporting period-

S.No	Main Issue	Activities Implemented
01	Promotion of child Health	Awareness for 6 killer diseases. Activation of sub centers / P.H.C Activation of ICDS centre Campaign on rights of child nutrition. Training of ASHA.
02	Promotion of child education	Identification of drop out children & their enrolment. Retaining of enrolled children and their follow up. Public awareness for attendance in the primary & middle schools. Activation of primary schools. Public awareness on the free & compulsory education Act 2009. extra curriculars activities. Formation of children groups. Children Rally.
03	Child Labour	Child protection right day. Survey of child labour on brick kiln. Linkages of child labour with education program.
04	Livelihood promotion	Formation of farmer club & SHGs Micro Enterprise development program Campaign on right of work
05	Women Empowerment	Women self help group. Women based people's organization. Advocacy on public issues. World women day. Public awareness for the prohibition of child marriages. Awareness of dalit rights.
06	Identity	Awareness on birth certificates. Information and awareness on voter identity card. Information & awareness on cast certificate. Information & awareness on ration card. Initiatives on the children having challenging life.
07	Gender	Campaign on girl education right. Participation of women in the right of work
08	Self governance	Orientation of panchayat representatives. Preparation support on 5 years Village plan. Campaign of women participation in self governance.
09	Social security	Information and awareness for government schemes.
10	Capacity building	Promotion of self service on the issue

		Capacity building of workers.
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A Brief progress report of the above issues activities are as follows-

A. **Promotion of child health:** -



There is separate sensitiveness for the health service in the targeted community of the working area of the organization depending upon the caste. Musahar and Nona are neutral for these facilities and service being at the last stage of the society they are happy in both the condition with the facilities or without the facilities few Nona families are against the immunization and family planning. Problem becomes worst due to token manly asked by the service providers form the community members, which are already in neutral

position for the service. 6 children of Musahar families become victim of death due to malnourished during the reporting period, but this could not be sufficient to stop the nutrition food, extra source of income of the service providers. Tradition of no work & corruption are the main obstacles by the service providers due to which these services are unable to reach the poor & needy people. Non-active sub centers at local level, unavailability of doctors and staff at the primary health centre in human behavior of the staff are the reason due to which poor community members are compelled to go to non professional doctors for their treatment during illness. Although village panchayat have very important role in Panchati Raj but they are limited to only common regulation development negative thought in service providers. ASHAS were appointed for the better health promotion of service on the population of one thousand under the great project, National Rural Health Mission, but this resulted in a chain of corruption, creating pressure upon the common public.

Benefit of Janani Suraksha Yojna does not reach to the families but it is distributed among the service providers. Health department has increased the demand by providing the money in J.S.Y but the service at the health centers are the same, so the protection of mother & new born in the poor & traditional communities is a big question mark.

Following activities have been implemented during the reporting period for the objectives of child health by the organization-

1. Organized public awareness comps for the six killer diseases.
2. Advocacy of immunization camps and active participation in camps.
3. Service of sub centers / primary health centers and advocacy depending upon the finding facts at district & state level.
4. Survey of 16 ICDS centers of working area and advocacy depending upon the finding facts at district & state level.
5. Extensive initiation under the campaign of child health and nutrition right.

6. Training of ASHAS on child rights belonging to the development block of Tarwan and Mehnagar.

Team of the organization has given the information for 6 killer diseases through the meetings at purva level on the issue of child health protection and also discussed the preventive measures of the health department which the role of related line staff/officers and regularize the camps and actively participation of community in the immunization camp. Survey of 7 sub centers and 5 primary health centers have been conducted and written advocacy have been made for their activation from district to state level. public hearing camps was organized on 15 July 2010 at primary health centers Erakhurda. 16 I.C.D.S centers were surveyed and advocacy was made depending upon the finding facts at district & state level through the nnetwork. Demand letter was filled up by the community and submitted to related D.M. and memoranda was also given to the governor. "ROSA" organized the health camp on the issue of child nutrition in which 941 children of 0-5 years age were tested by weighting them. 87 children of them were found Savior malnourished. "ROSA" gives the memorandum to D.M. and also intimated the facts of finding to local media. Complaint was failed in the Utter Pradesh Human Right Commission regarding the death of 6 malnourished children and information given about the seriousness of the issue through the co-operation of network at state & national level, for improving qualities of village health & nutrition, issue was explanted with the help of health department. The ASHAs of development block Tarwan and Mehnagar were trained on the subject "Health Service is right, not obligation and nutrias were held for the quality service of ASHA under – the ASHA mentoring group organized at district level under the N.R.H.M. representative of village panchayat were informed about the health service being conducted under the village panchayat and they were inspired for their roles, organization had advocated the issue by wall writing, pamphlet distribution, Song & Music, complaint letter and media.



Following results/report comes in the working area of organization in the reporting period-

S.No	Indicators	Male	Female	Total
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01	Birth registration of new born children	14	17	31
02	Safe delivery	40	32	72
03	Wall writing work on health issue	-	-	304
04	Death -0-1 years of age group	02	04	06
05	Death – 1-5 years of age group	02	04	06
06	Complete Immunization	56	51	107
07	B.C.G. Immunization	59	50	109
08	D.P.T.-1	31	33	64
09	D.P.T.-2	35	34	69
10	D.P.T.-3	28	27	55

11	Vitamin A	16	18	34
12	T.T. – I	-	78	78
13	T.T. – II	-	71	71
14	Health Camps	-	28	28
15	No. of Participants	268	438	706
16	Registration of Children in I.C.D.S. centers	84	63	147
17	No. of participants demanded for I.C.D.S. facilities	-	-	604
18	Camps for the identification of malnourished	-	-	17
19	Children Checked for malnutrition	477	470	947
20	Children found malnourished	41	46	87
21	Immunization camps in Dalit hamlets	-	-	29
22	Meeting with ASHA	-	-	01
23	Survey of I.C.D.S.	-	-	14
24	Treatment of malnourished children	-	-	01
25	Linkage of malnourished children with I.C.D.S. centers	06	10	16

B. Promotion of child Education.-



There is lack of awareness in the targeted community on the education of children. People are aware of the benefits of the schemes and worried for that only instead of the awareness of the education. Generally 95% school registration is found in this area but if we consider the school attendance and quality of education it is for below the normal, but school teacher has always a stick in his hand. There are 11 primary school in this area, out of them 2 primary school have only single teacher to manage one primary school.

How can be quality of education ensure in such circumstances. Children of the targeted communities of the organization specially of Mushar & Nona are miles away from the school registration. Campaign of education to all has given the buildings to school but unable to attach these communities to the school. This community which stands at lowest step of society is miles away from education development due to their own traditional thinking and negative thinking of the society towards this community. Attachment of the children of this community to all school is very difficult task because of this economic circumstance and the nature of employment / livelihood of this community. Organization has given the information of the Importance of education to this community and instated the orientation of this community. Fearless qualitative education along with regular education in school and attachment of the children of 6-14 years with the school of targeted community under the right of development are the straight objective of the initiation of the organization. This will produce the desire for education in the community and they will keep joined their children with school inspire of their critical economic circumstances.

Following activities are the medium of intervention under the issue for achieving the above objectives by the organization-

1. Identification & registration of the children who left out the school.
2. Retention of registered children and their follow up.
3. Public awareness about school attendance.
4. Participation & inspiration in the meetings of village education committee and parents teacher association.
5. Public awareness on free and compulsory education Act- 2009.
6. Extra curricular Activities.
7. Formation of children groups.
8. Child rally.

Dropout children from the school or the children never registered in any school of the targeted families were listed by the organization team. Importance of education, attendance in school, free and compulsory education act 2009, were discussed with community and information were given by meetings, pamphlets distribution, wall writing and child rallies were organized with the co-operation of child groups. Children were registered in government primary schools. Such registered children were followed up fortnightly regarding their attendance in school. Attendance before and after mid day meal in the school were also followed up.

11 primary school of the working area of the organization were also surveyed and on the basis of finding facts advocacy was done through network at state level. Memorandum was given to D.M. at district level and demand letter of the people were given to honorable governor as a memorandum. Child groups were formed at hamlets level by the organization for improving the interest of children for education and increasing the child participation. By means of these groups on every Sunday sports, competitions, curricular activities for educational information and participation of children were promoted, non active societies on the school base for example village education committee and parents teacher association's meetings were organized and co-operative initiation started on the school management & problem based issues by active participation demand letters were forwarded through the medium of societies.



Following result obtained in the working area of the organization on due to the result of above organizational initiation in the reporting period-

S.No.	Indicator	Male	Female	Total
01	Wall writing	-	-	132
02	Registration of new children in school	141	121	262
03	Drop out children reported	15	17	32
04	Registration of drop out children in school	02	-	02
05	No. of retention follow up	100	132	232
06	linkages of working children to school	41	95	136
07	Promotion of parents teacher meetings	-	-	15
08	Percentage of attendance of children in school	-	-	32
09	Organization of community meetings on the issue of education	-	-	65

10	No. of participants in the above meetings	336	563	899
11	Organization of community meetings on the issue of child rights	-	-	37
12	No. of participants in the child rights meetings	143	285	428
13	Formation of child groups	-	-	10
14	No. of member children	208	41	249
15	No. of meeting of child group	-	-	67
16	No. of participants	1204	398	1622
17	Study of primary school	-	-	11
18	No. of meeting of village education committee	-	-	02
19	Rally of child group	-	-	03
20	Camp on the issue of child rightc	-	-	09
21	No. of participants	149	41	190

C. Child Labour -



There are 5 brick kiln in the working area of the organization having 207 families as labour families including 69 children as child labour work on the brick kiln over all total 260 children are in the age group of 6-14 years of the 207 families as per the development is concerned. 63% of the children have never gone to school, 13% of the children have the education up to 5th standard only and 23% children have the education up to 8th standard, as per the education is concerned 35% children of the 69 child labours have never gone

to school. Only 19% of the children are enrolled in the school, but they also don't go to school. While 46% children have broken their relationship with school in between the session. If we see the child labour in daily wages work, agriculture and related work, mean by surrounding market, we find so many children doing work. Main occupation of this area is agriculture which have very limited opportunities of work and only in seasons so the child labours from have migrate to big cities in search of work. There big no. of working children in poor families which have enrolment in the school but they engage in the family work due to their poor economic condition of the family. This affects then education. No. of working girls is also more in the working area of the organization.

Following initiation has been taken by the organization in the reporting period for remaining the Children from child labour and sensitize the families for "child labour is a curse for society."

1. Survey of child labour working on brick kiln field.
2. Exertion of child labour abolition day.
3. Exertion of child protection right day.
4. Initiation for joining the child labour to education.

Base line survey conducted on 5 brick kiln field in the working area for the above activities & processing. Community was intimated through the meetings on the issue and they were sensitized about the issue by distributing the prophets based on the finding facts of the survey conducted. Child labour abolition day was exerted on 12th of June 2010 by the organization & message was given to the community “ child labour is a curse” child labour children organized rallies wrote the slogans on wall and submitted the memorandum to the village pradhan. Child protection right day was exerted on 20th November 2010 by the organization and competitions were exerted for giving the message the children regarding this issue and public advocacy was done through the means of media. Child labour children of the targeted families of the project were listed for the follow up & development of interest for education in children and families advised. Awareness of village pradhan in greases on the issue and contacted them for the initiative of village panchayat. Children took promissory notes from the candidates of village panchayat election -2010 for the efforts for abolition of child labour or efforts to be taken on the issue. Following results obtained during the reporting period.

S.No.	Indicators	Male	Female	Total
01	No. of child labours (0-14 years)	115	92	207
02	No. of child labours (15-18 years)	79	44	123
03	No. of child labours went out in search of work.	88	52	140
04	No. of participant of child labour in the exertion of prohibition of child labour day	70	106	176
05	Case study of child labour	25	01	26
06	Joining of child labour with child group	24	-	24
07	Joining of child labour families with self help group	-	-	32
08	Joining of child labour families with NAREGA	-	-	66
09	Joining of child labour families with B.P.L. cards	-	-	56
10	Joining of child labour families with Antyodya Card	-	-	13
11	Joining of child labour families with house	-	-	37
12	Joining of child labour families with land	-	-	14
13	Joining of child labour with education	05	-	05
14	No. of wall writing on the issue of child labour	-	-	249
15	No. of meetings with child labour	-	-	09
16	No. of community meeting on the issue of child labour	-	-	37
17	No. of participants	143	286	429
18	Use of R.T.I	-	-	01

D. Community based Livelihood Promotion -



Main source of livelihood of the people of the working area of organization is agriculture or employment based on agriculture. Main part of the agriculture land is in the position of the higher class of the society, only remaining parts belong to the lower group of the society. If we consider it in the case of Mushar and Nona Chamar, they belong to land less class of the society. This is the main reason due to which targeted group of the community adopts the labour work in agriculture field or her labour works and in off season

of agriculture work they migrate to big cities in search of livelihood. Mushar community works on brick kiln and Nona Chamar earns their livelihood by begging.

Following activities have been implemented by the organization for the livelihood based on the community and increasing the annual income of the family by another alternative for making availability of the capital to the families.

- Formation of farmers club and provide techniques of the farmers.
- Training of micro enter-premiership development.
- Campaign of right of work.



ROSA formed 10 farmer club with the financially support of NABARD. Meeting of farmer club organized with the expert of subjects form agriculture science center Katawa. Solutions of the problems of farmers were given by the expert scientists along with the new methods of agriculture. Every farmer club was given Rs. 2000.00 as an economic help for taking the initiative steps in new techniques of agriculture. 30 members selected from the S.H.G and give the training of 10 days for the progressive animal husbandry for milk by the scientists from the animal husbandry. Trained members developed their animal husbandry



work. Team of the organization followed up them and increases their will power. ROSA informed the eligible beneficiaries under the MNAREGA as per the norms of the act through the community meeting under the right of work. Help in issuing the Job card, demand of work and uses of help line of MNAREGA were also informed to the eligible beneficiaries. Organization helped in filing the complaint regarding the payment of wages from district to state level. Media advocacy also used in favor of community by the organization. Following results were achieved during the reporting period.

S.No.	Indicators	Male	Female	Total
01	Formation of farmer clubs	10	-	10
02	No. of total members	100	-	100
03	No. of awareness programs	-	-	05
04	No. of participants	241	354	595
05	Meat with Experts program	-	-	10
06	No. of participants	178	201	379
07	Training on M. E.D.P	-	-	30
08	No. of Job cards issued	145	66	211
09	No. of average working day	-	-	16
10	No. of awareness meeting on the issue of MANREGA	-	-	108
11	No. of participants	428	1087	1515
12	No. of families with extra resource	04	38	42
13	Land on lease to Mushar families	-	-	25

E. Women empowerment –



Generally empowerment is based on the caste, money and muscles power in the working area of the organization. If we consider the matter on the social front, we will find women are more entangled in social foundations. This is more clearly on the base of economic a political base. There is difference at every here, it does not matter the caste of women cemetery the matter of self governance of village matter of earned or parental properties or the matter of participation in the development of village, but lower class of the society like dalit, musahar community have

differences at social front for both male and female member of the community. Dalit classes of the society hesitate to keep their views on public issue fearing the upper class of the society. This situation worsens where the livelihood is attached to that person or arrangement. Lower classes of the society have caste customs among themselves and they feel superior than other and do not participate or mix up with each other. This emotion is less when these caste members are away from native places but it becomes more serious in the village region of working area. Following activities were implemented by the organization on the issue of empowerment of dalit especially of women in nona chamar and Mushahar community.

1. Promotion of women self help group.
2. People organization based on women
3. Initiation on World Women Day.
4. Advocacy on public issues.
5. People awareness on prohibition of child marriages.
6. Awareness on dalit rights.



ROSA formed the women S.H.G. on the issue of children & managed them in the villages of the working area with the help of NABARD Lucknow. Groups were trained for the management of groups and information were given for the regular meeting, saving, attendance, mutual transactions self employment & maintenance of records. Women organization was promoted for the initiation of social issues which interfere for their children as per requirements. Members of the organization interfere for the women empowerment, education of girls, prevention of child marriages, marriages without dowry, honour of dalit community in the society through rally, meeting, pumplets, rallies, home visit on the occasions about the plans. Following initiatives have been taken by the organization on the issue in the reporting period.

S.No.	Indicators	Male	Female	Total
1.	Promotion of Self Help Group	-	36	36
2.	No. of village committees	-	-	31
3.	Total member	298	609	907
4.	Total no. of meetings of committees	-	-	39

5.	No. of participants	271	287	558
6.	No. of participants in World Women Day	97	432	529
7.	Discussion on the prohibition of child marriage	-	-	07
8.	No. of participants	60	274	334
9.	Discussion on the dalit right	-	-	01
10.	No. of total participants	12	46	58

F- Identity –



There is lack of interest in the targeted community people for the certificate of citizenship. They try only for getting the benefits of planning's, so for the certificates also, but they don't make any effort for the birth/death certificates which have long term benefits. A person tries their level best for the certificates when it becomes necessary and becomes the victims of the corruption & middleman losing their money & time both. Inspire of these happenings people does not pay attention or show

any interest for the certificates which are important for the development plans of the country. For example child birth/death certificate. This class of society faces a lot of troubles when they migrate to other places in search of livelihood being unable to produce their identity certificate. Children's having challenging life also reels under the same circumstances. Society treat them deserving for kindness. They have no social identity of their own. Their life becomes more critical if belongs to lower class of the society.

Followings activities have been implemented for the living with the certificate of citizenship by the people of Nona chamar, Musahar community specially women of dalit society by the ROSA team-

1. Information and awareness on the birth & death certificate.
2. Information and awareness on caste certificate.
3. Information and awareness on voter's identity.
4. Information and awareness on Ration card.
5. Initiation on the children of challenging life.

ROSA team forced on the issue of birth and death certificates required for the identity of citizenship & advocated for the birth & death registrar in village. Intensive discussion was done in the meeting with health department on every aspect of the situation and for the activation of the assistant registrar on the issue. Decision was taken for the co-operative



initiation considering the practical aspects seriously. An effective discussion with village development officer was made on the issue of elder children. Community was intimated about the issue by discussion prophets, wall writing. A list was prepared about the people having no identity proof and submitted it to the village pradhan. Children having challenging life were identified and listed and efforts are being made continuously to enable them to join the main stream of development of the society. Understanding of the team on the issue was being made with SPARK INDIA.

S.No.	Indicators	Male	Female	Total
1.	School enrollment of children having challenging life	05	06	11
2.	Certificate issued to the children having challenging life	01	-	01
3.	Visit & Survey of child home	01	01	02
4.	Visit & Survey of observation home	01	-	01
5.	Birth certificate	14	17	31
6.	Caste certificate	-	-	122
7.	Camp for Identity certificate	-	-	22
8.	Wall writing	-	-	165

G. Gender-



Society reens on the customs, traditions and beliefs in the rural areas. In the rural Surroundings difference between men & women starts from the birth & very prominent in later stages of life of the society. Society reflects same emotions in its activities. This is very clear in the form of gender in the whole country. Although there is 33% reservation in village panchayat for women but about 100% development work of panchayat is performed by men. Prejudice, beliefs and customs of the society are changing the laws of country only in the form of corum. Gender difference is very prominent in the

cases of economic/ownership issues. Although women in rural areas plays an important role in every work from sowing to cropping but credit of being farmer goes only to males.

Following activities have been made by the ROSA team during the reporting period for joining the women to main stream of development current of the society by reducing the gender differences for the initiation objectives.

- 1- Campaign of girl's education right.
- 2- Participation of women in right of work.

Public awareness camps were organized and pumphlets were distributed by the organization on the issue of girl's education under the campaign of



girls education right. Message was given through wall writings and list of the girls not going to school in the age group of 6-14 years, prepared and parent/guardian of working girls advised on the issue. Primary & Junior schools were followed up on the issue & for the enrollment of girls students and their attendance. Awareness program on the issue of work right for women like participation in MNAREGA provisions for example name in job card, full value of work done were discussed with the representatives of the village panchayat and eligible women were informed for the participation in the plan. Message conveyed to the society by different medium for the wages to female workers like male workers. Following results achieved during the reporting period-

S.No	Indicators	Male	Female	Total
01	Awareness camp on girls education	261	678	937
02	Awareness camp on the issue of participation of women in MNAREGA	-	-	18
03	Case study of working girls	-	08	08

H-Self governance-



Village panchayat is based on the concept of Panchayati Raj after the 73rd amendment of constitution. There are 6 committee including the selected ward members. But there is no presence of panchayat members in the decision & work of village panchayat in the next five years after the panchayat election; They are totally neuterate about their role & responsibilities. So the village pradhan works as per his will or based on the political prejudice. In these circumstance village

plans are miles away from reality. Women participate in panchayat is limited to the reserved seat for women. There is no example of women participation in the panchayat although that seat is reserved for women.

Following efforts made by the organization for the self governance in village & participation of members in child right activities and developing understanding on the issue-

1. Orientation of village panchayat body.
2. Preparation of village five year plan.
3. Women participation in village plan.

“ROSA” oriented the members of village panchayat and selected ward member of their responsibilities & roles for the development of panchayat. Panchayat members also oriented on the deferent issues of child rights like health, education & initiation of panchayat for the children of challenging life. Special focus & attraction given to the women members. On the issue of

village plan members were informal & with the help of members participatory five years village plan of 3 village panchayat was prepared & edited as per panchayat plan. Awareness program on the issue of women participation in panchayat election 2010 was conducted & focused on the women participation following results achieved in the reporting period-

S.No	Indicators	Male	Female	Total
01	Orientation of village panchayat health /committee			02
02	No. of participants	28	19	47
03	Orientation of village education committee			02
04	No. of participants	04	09	13
05	Preparation of five years village plan			03
06	Awareness on the issue of women participation in panchayat election 2010			07
07	No. of participant	625	1478	2103

I. Social Security-



Community is interested for the social security schemes to go the benefits but eligible candidates only dream to get benefits but fake people gets the benefits by the violation of rules and faults in the process. Social security schemes are a drop in the ocean resulting negotiations for the benefits in village panchayat. Eligible person becomes unable to complete formalities being unaware of the system and also troubled by the livelihood issues goes away from

the schemes. Politically prejudice gives the opportunities to other strong to get the benefits. Targeted community of the working area musahar and have nona chamar being on the outer skirt of the society unable to get the initiate on of this type of schemes.

Following efforts were made by the ROSA team for giving the information to targeted families of the community & sensitive them so the eligibility & processing in the reporting period-

1- Information and awareness on the issue of government schemes.

Base line survey was conducted by the ROSA team for the identification of eligible families & list prepared. Eligible families were inspired by have visit for the advocacy of schemes & helped them for filling the application. Village pradhan and development officers were contacted for the development on the applications applied for the benefits. R.T.I. used as advocacy tool. Monthly follow up implemented by means of meetings of the organization & community informed & initiation followed up.

Followings are the result of efforts during the reporting period.

S.No	Indicators	Male	Female	Total
01	Awareness camp on government schemes.			16
02	No. of participants	277	784	1061
03	Family gets the benefit of residence			37
04	Hard pump installed			03
05	Old pension benefits	06	07	13
06	Mushar families gets the land on lease on lease			25

J-Capacity building-



Targeted Community thinks according to their present situation and condition resulting in negative aspects of development. So the intervention of the organization not fruitful until the development of thinking & understanding of community changed to positive. Targeted Community specially Nona chamar & Musahar which is in identified as lower class of the society usually adopts their traditional life style. Due to social & economic condition. It is requirement of the society for the auto motivation by the organization

for the capacity building of the members of the community in the reporting period along with the team.

- 1- Self service inspiration on the issue
- 2- Capacity building of the social activist

ROSA selected the self motivated workers on the basis of subject from the community selected candidates were given the training of two days for the child rights candidates also agreed that they will give 1 or 2 day in a month to the child issues of their village offer training. The trained candidate's of the development of children & community by the co-operation & initiation in the meetings of village issues. Working team of the organization also participated in the workshops to state level for increasing the information and understanding on the above issues they contributed for the development of children and society after return.

Followings are the achievements on the issue in the reporting period.

S.No	Indicators	Male	Female	Total
01	Active self motivated volunteers	21	04	25
02	Training on the issue of malnutrition	08	02	10
03	Training on child participation	08	02	10
04	Training on livelihood issue	02	00	02
05	Training on the issue of health of the community	08	02	10

Details of Visitors-

Following personalities have visited/participated in the activities of the organization in the reporting period-

Sl. No.	Name of visitors	Designation	Organization
01	Mr. A.K. Singh	DDM	NABARD, Azamgarh
02	Mr. Pankaj Mehta	Manager	CRY, New Delhi
03	Mr. Shashi Bhushan	Associate secretary	PANI, Faizabad
04	Mrs. Ratna Mathur	Manager	SDTT, New Delhi
05	Mr. Shubhendu Bhattacharya	Development support	CRY, New Delhi
06	Mrs. Akaknanda	Development support	CRY, New Delhi
07	Mr. V.K. Goal	LDM	UBI, Azamgarh
08	Mr. A.K. Dhaghat	AGM	UBI, Azamgarh
09	Mr. Milind Boki	Consaltant	SDTT, New Delhi
10	Mr. Tusar Anchal	Manager	CRY, New Delhi
11	Mr. Satyajit Ghosh	Manager	CRY, New Delhi
12	Mrs. Sruti Nagvansi	Manager	Jan Mitra Nyas/PVCHR

Details of working team-

Above initiations were possible due to the efforts of following full time working team on the basis of 31st march 2011 team is as follows -

Sl.	Name of staff	Designation	Qualification	Experience
01	Mr. Mustaque Ahmad	Secretary	MSW	16 Years
02	Mr. Shiv Narayan Sharma	Supervisor	Intermediate	14 Years
03	Mr. Ramesh kumar	Supervisor	Post graduate	10 Years
04	Mr. Kamlesh Chandra Pandey	Office in-charge	Post graduate	2 years
05	Mr. Prakash C. Maurya	Accountant	B.com	2 Years
06	Mrs. Kamla Devi	Social Activist	High school	25 Years
07	Mr. Arvind Kushwaha	Social Activist	Intermediate	3 Years
08	Mr. Raj Kumar	Social Activist	Intermediate	1 Years
09	Mr. Umakant Yadav	Social Activist	Graduates	2 Years
10	Mr. Girija Devi	Social Activist	High School	2 years

